# Sächsisches Textilforschungsinstitut e.V.

# **Affiliated institute of the University of Technology Chemnitz**



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STFI Media Service

# Kendyr - a climate-friendly alternative to cotton

In many arid regions of the world, particularly in Central Asia, decades of irrigation of cotton fields are increasingly leading to soil salinisation – with serious consequences for soil fertility and thus the future of cotton cultivation. In the long term, this development jeopardises the global supply of raw materials for the textile industry. An international research co-operation with the participation of Sächsisches Textilforschungsinstitut e.V. (STFI) has therefore investigated the potential of alternative raw material plants, especially kendyr. The aim was to clarify whether salinised arable land in Central Asia could be made agriculturally usable again using adapted plant species, thus enabling new textile value chains to be established.

## What was the motivation behind this?

Cotton cultivation, which has been established in Central Asia for more than 70 years, has led to some far-reaching negative effects on the natural production bases in the region. The increasing effects of climate change require the search for alternatives to supply the textile industry with raw materials. The project investigated options for the yield-oriented cultivation of apocynum ssp. (kendyr) on former cotton sites and the production of textile-processable fibre qualities. The aim was to develop a process chain for the production of ultra-fine textile fibres as an equivalent for regionally produced and processed cotton.

### What solution did we choose and what results have we achieved?

During the project period, only apocynum straw from wild collection was available for process development. The stalks were harvested on site, sorted and mechanically opened in Germany. The remaining shives were almost completely removed and the fibre bundle structure was broken down to 90 dtex. The fibre length was shortened to cotton staple length.

Degumming was necessary to further refine the fibre bundles. This halved the fibre fineness down to 40 dtex. With the subsequent carding, it could be further reduced to 5.6 dtex. This means that, apart from hemp fibres of Chinese origin, kendyr fibres come closest to cotton in terms of the fibre fineness achieved of all the types of bast fibres available regionally in Germany. Similar to colour-grown cotton, it has a unique, slightly rust-red inherent colour.

The fibre was processsably spun on production scale blended with 70 % cotton into a ring yarn 30 tex (Nm 34) and knitted as a lightweight knitted fabric (110-140  $g/m^2$ ).

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# Our cooperation partners

- Martin-Luther-Universität Halle-Wittenberg
- Leibniz Institute for Agricultural Engineering and Bioeconomy (ATB)
- HANFFASER Uckermark eG
- hessnatur stiftung
- Sachsen-Leinen e.V.
- International partners from Central Asia

## **Photos**



Apocynum ssp. (kendyr) wild population



Apocynum ssp. Cuttings in trial cultivation



Ring yarn 70730 / CO/Kendyr 30 tex (Nm 34)

Photos in print quality are available on request.

#### About STFI

The STFI in Chemnitz has been an outstanding innovation partner and service provider for its customers since it was founded in 1992. Textile materials have shaped our activity profile ever since. The non-profit institute addresses technical and social issues through an open, interdisciplinary and reliable approach. At STFI, the main topics of research and development are technical textiles, nonwovens, lightweight textile engineering, functionalisation, recycling, digitalisation and Al. At the Centre for Textile Sustainability, the focus is on application-oriented research into resource efficiency and energy-optimised processes. Additionally, STFI gathered many years of experience and expertise in textile testing as well as certifying Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). Under the name "STFI Academy", the STFI regularly offers modules and courses for specialist qualification and further training, designed to support employers in the textile industry. The STFI has been an affiliated institute of the Chemnitz University of Technology since 2006. Furthermore, it is actively involved as a member of the Zuse Association and the Saxon Industrial Research Association (SIG).

Further information: www.stfi.de

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